## **UPSHUR COUNTY**

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

## WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Upshur County, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur County (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Change of Accounting Principle

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, in the year ending September 30, 2024, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Upshur County, Texas

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and State of Texas Grant Management Standards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025 THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

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Waco, Texas June 24, 2025

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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# UPSHUR COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Upshur County, Texas (the "County") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- At September 30, 2024, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$31,591,629 (its "net position").
- Of this amount, \$23,264,231 is unrestricted, \$3,091,289 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$5,236,109 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total net position increased by \$6,144,792, or 24%, over the course of this year's operations.
- As of September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,771,242, which represents a 24% percent increase from the prior year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between the four representing net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, legal, and library.

**Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County maintains 46 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. Data from other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found immediately after the basic financial statements in this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A significant portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (17%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is outstanding. The main use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

One portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (74%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **UPSHUR COUNTY'S NET POSITION**

·	Governmental Activities					
	2024	2023				
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 29,403,889	\$ 25,322,500				
Capital assets	7,763,296	7,261,021				
Total assets	37,167,185	32,583,521				
Deferred outflows of resources	791,238	1,273,656				
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	3,466,806	3,718,784				
Other liabilities	2,550,311	4,593,529				
Total liabilities	6,017,117	8,312,313				
Deferred inflows of resources	349,677	98,027				
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	5,236,109	4,845,848				
Restricted	3,091,289	1,677,857				
Unrestricted	23,264,231	18,923,132				
Total net position	\$ 31,591,629	\$ 25,446,837				

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Upshur County, Texas (the "County") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

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- Of this amount, \$23,264,231 is unrestricted, \$3,091,289 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$5,236,109 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total net position increased by \$6,144,792, or 24%, over the course of this year's operations.
- As of September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,771,242, which represents a 24% percent increase from the prior year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

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The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, legal, and library.

**Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

#### **UPSHUR COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Governmental Activities			ctivities
		2024		2023
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,469,413	\$	2,418,325
Operating grants and contributions	•	5,421,794	•	1,608,451
General revenues:		-•		_,,,,,,
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		15,931,430		14,367,033
Sales taxes		1,969,049		1,983,382
Investment earnings		1,364,644		1,014,948
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		66,035
Miscellaneous		836,088		767,528
Total revenues	_	27,992,418		22,225,702
Expenses:				
General government		7,047,733		7.588.472
Public safety		9,390,465		6,186,613
Public transportation		2,707,654		2,885,900
Legal		2,422,764		2,061,643
Library		221,798		213,733
Interest on long-term debt	_	57,212		52,125
Total expenses	_	21,847,626		18,988,486
Change in net position		6,144,792		3,237,216
Net position - beginning	_	25,446,837		20,977,600
Adjustments	_			1,232,021
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	31,591,629	\$	25,446,837

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

**Governmental Funds.** The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,771,242, an increase of 24% from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At September 30, 2024, the General Fund reported revenues of \$22,673,979 and expenditures of \$19,139,762.

The Senate Bill 22 fund reported \$439,607 in revenues and expenditures related to the new Rural Law Enforcement grant program. The Senate Bill 22 fund has no ending fund balance.

The Texas Historical Commission fund reported ending fund balance of \$3,572,013, a \$1,849,587 increase from the prior year, mostly attributed to an increase in funding for the courthouse renovation project in FY24.

The American Recovery Plan Grant fund reported an ending fund balance of \$361,914, an increase of \$154,757 due to interest earned on unspent ARPA funds.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$1,359,607. Actual expenditures were more than budgeted estimates by \$2,581,377. Actual other financing sources were less than budgeted by \$771,434. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$3,169,550.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital Assets.** The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2024, amounted to \$7,763,296 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and other tangible and right to use assets.

For further information regarding capital assets, see Note 4.

**Long-term Debt**. At September 30, 2024, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$3,466,806. Refer to Note 4 for further information on the County's long-term debt.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The budget was adopted based on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2024 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2024. Budgeted revenues to the General Fund total \$18,231,822 and budgeted expenditures total \$18,675,961.

For 2024-2025, the property tax rate is \$.4960 per \$100 valuation.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, P. O. Box 730, Gilmer, Texas, 75644.

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

#### **UPSHUR COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Governmental Activities			ctivities
		2024		2023
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,469,413	\$	2,418,325
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Sales taxes		1,969,049		1,983,382
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Gain on sale of capital assets		· -		66,035
Miscellaneous		836,088		767,528
Total revenues	_	27,992,418		22,225,702
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Net position - beginning		25,446,837		20,977,600
Adjustments	_	<u>-</u>		1,232,021
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	31,591,629	<u>\$</u>	25,446,837

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

**Governmental Funds.** The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

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#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$1,359,607. Actual expenditures were more than budgeted estimates by \$2,581,377. Actual other financing sources were less than budgeted by \$771,434. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$3,169,550.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	25,188,523
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		2,084,333
Prepaid expenses		449,961
Due from other governments		249,685
Net pension asset		1,431,387
Capital assets:		
Land		460,998
Buildings		9,677,870
Furniture and equipment		7,141,150
Right to use: equipment		2,503,000
Right to use: subscriptions		1,710,930
Less: accumulated depreciation		(13,730,652)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		7,763,296
Total assets		37,167,185
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	_	791,238
Total deferred outflows of resources		791,238
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,039,706
Unearned revenue		1,510,605
Noncurrent liabilities:		-,,
Due within one year		763,879
Due in more than one year		2,702,927
Total liabilities		6,017,117
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
		240 677
Deferred inflows related to pensions		349,677
Total deferred inflows of resources		349,677
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		5,236,109
Restricted for:		
Net pension asset		1,431,387
Other purposes		1,659,902
Unrestricted		23,264,231
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	31,591,629

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Program I	Rev	enues	•	kpense) Revenue and nges in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(	Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental activities:			-					
General government	\$	7,047,733	\$	1,812,462	\$	2,742,848	\$	(2,492,423)
Public safety		9,390,465		96,360		2,613,030		(6,681,075)
Public transportation		2,707,654		-		36,436		(2,671,218)
Legal		2,422,764		532,950		29,480		(1,860,334)
Library		221,798		27,641		-		(194,157)
Interest on long-term debt		57,212						(57,212)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	21,847,626	\$	2,469,413	\$	5,421,794		(13,956,419)
	Ge	nerai revenue: Taxes:	s:					
		Property	taxe	es, levied for g	gene	eral purposes		15,931,430
		Sales tax	es		_	- ·		1,969,049
		Investment e	arni	ngs				1,364,644
		Miscellaneous	;					836,088
		Total	ger	neral revenues	5			20,101,211
			Ch	ange in net po	sitio	on		6,144,792
	Ne	t position, beg	inni	ng				25,446,837
•	Ne	t position, end	ing				\$	31,591,629

## BALANCE SHEET

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General	Senate Bill 22	Texas Historical Commission
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 18,455,646	\$ 650,740	\$ 3,531,496
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Prepaid expenses	2,057,812 449,961	_	-
Due from other funds	21,095	<u>-</u>	- -
Due from other governments	23,293		206,230
Total assets	21,007,807	650,740	3,737,726
LIABILITIES Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	826,308	18,236	165,713
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	_	632,504	- ! -
Total liabilities	826,308	650,740	
		050,7110	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 256 260		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	1,356,260 269,074	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,625,334	;-	
		*	
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	449,961	_	_
Restricted for:	, , , ,		
Child protection	-	-	_
County and district clerk services	-	-	-
Court security and technology	-	-	-
District Attorney Drug enforcement	-	-	-
Elections	_	_	_
Federal and state grants	_	_	_
Forfeiture	-	_	-
Judicial education	-	-	-
Law enforcement	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Committed for courthouse restoration	-		3,572,013
Unassigned	<u> 18,106,204</u>		- <del>-</del>
Total fund balances	<u> 18,556,165</u>		3,572,013
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	<u>\$ 21,007,807</u>	<u>\$ 650,740</u>	<u>\$ 3,737,726</u>

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Program	Rev	enues	•	pense) Revenue and ges in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental activities:		·	•			<u>.</u>	_	
General government Public safety	\$	7,047,733 9,390,465	\$	1,812,462 96,360	\$	2,742,848	\$	(2,492,423) (6,681,075)
Public transportation Legal		2,707,654 2,422,764		532,950		36,436 29,480		(2,671,218) (1,860,334)
Library Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	 \$	221,798 57,212 21,847,626	<u> </u>	27,641 - 2,469,413	<u> </u>	5,421,794		(194,157) (57,212) (13,956,419)
,		neral revenue Taxes:	s:				-	_
		Property Sales tax Investment e Miscellaneous	es arni		gene	eral purposes		15,931,430 1,969,049 1,364,644 836,088
		Total	l ger	neral revenue	S			20,101,211
	Ne	t position, beg		ange in net po no	ositio	on		6,144,792 25,446,837
		t position, end		 פיי			\$	31,591,629

American Rescue Plan Grant	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,256,795 - - - -	\$ 1,293,846 26,521 - - 20,162	\$ 25,188,523 2,084,333 449,961 21,095 249,685
1,256,795	1,340,529	27,993,597
16,780 878,101 894,881	12,669 21,095 	1,039,706 21,095 1,510,605 2,571,406
<u>-</u>	25,615 25,615	1,381,875 269,074 1,650,949
-	-	449,961
361,914 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 90,856 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480 52,384 - (16,838) 1,281,150	151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 452,770 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480 52,384 3,572,013 18,089,366 23,771,242
\$ 1,256,795	\$ 1,340,529	<u>\$ 27,993,597</u>

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American Rescue Plan Grant	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,256,795 - - - - -	\$ 1,293,846 26,521 - - 20,162	\$ 25,188,523 2,084,333 449,961 21,095 249,685
1,256,795	1,340,529	<u>27,993,597</u>
16,780 -	12,669 21,095	1,039,706 21,095
<u>878,101</u>		<u>1,510,605</u>
<u>894,881</u>	33,764	<u>2,571,406</u>
	25,615  25,615	1,381,875 269,074 1,650,949
-	-	449,961
361,914 - - - 361,914 - - -	151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 90,856 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480	151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 452,770 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480
- -	52,384 -	52,384 3,572,013
_	(16,838)	18,089,366
361,914	1,281,150	23,771,242
<b>\$ 1,256,795</b>	\$ 1,340,529	\$ 27,993,597

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	23,771,242
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		7,763,296
The net pension liability is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		1,872,948
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,650,949
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(3,466,806)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	31,591,629

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

						Texas
		General	Sen	ate Bill 22		Historical mmission*
REVENUES		17 027 001				
Taxes	\$	17,827,901	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,046,657		-		-
Intergovernmental		261,137		433,361		1,368,262
Charges for services		1,738,932		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		346,407		<u>-</u>		-
Interest		1,189,090		6,246		-
Miscellaneous	_	<u> 263,855</u>				<del></del>
Total revenues	_	22,673,979		439,607		1,368,262
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		7,609,994		12,126		-
Public safety		5,784,000		356,246		3,489,679
Public transportation		2,743,687		-		-
Legal		1,866,250		71,235		-
Library		232,230		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal		848,413		-		-
Interest		55,188		-		_
Total expenditures		19,139,762		439,607		3,489,679
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,534,217		-		(2,121,417)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-		3,971,004
Transfers out		(2,000,000)		-		-
Issuance of lease		383,045		-		-
Issuance of SBITA		682,393		-		-
Insurance recoveries		<u> 184,428</u>				
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(750,134)		<u> </u>		3,971,004
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,784,083		-		1,849,587
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING, AS						
PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	-	15,772,082		<del></del>	_	-
ADJUSTMENTS Change to or within the financial						
reporting entity		_				1,722,426
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED		15,772,082		_		1,722,426
FORD DALARGES, DEGINITING AS RESTATED	_	1011121002	-	-		-,,, 120
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	18,556,165	\$	-	\$	3,572,013

<sup>\*</sup>Formerly a nonmajor fund

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 23,771,242
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,763,296
The net pension liability is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	1,872,948
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,650,949
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (3,466,806)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 31,591,629

American Recovery Plan Grant	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,827,901
· -	· -	1,046,657
2,674,306	176,915	4,913,981
· · · · -	318,167	2,057,099
-	22,032	368,439
154,747	20,807	1,370,890
	59,091	322,946
2,829,053	597,012	27,907,913
250,653	242,965	8,115,738
452,649	132,536	10,215,110
=	-	2,743,687
_	382,357	2,319,842
-	-	232,230
-	16,832	865,245
	2,024	57,212
703,302	776,714	24,549,064
	<b>.</b> .	
2,125,751	(179,702)	3,358,849
_	_	3,971,004
(1,971,004)	_	(3,971,004)
-	_	383,045
-	_	682,393
		184,428
(1,971,004)	-	1,249,866
154,747	(179,702)	4,608,715
207,167	3,183,278	19,162,527
-	(1,722,426)	
207,167	1,460,852	19,162,527
\$ 361,914	\$ 1,281,150	\$ 23,771,242

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A	merican	Otl	ner		Total
R	ecovery	Govern	mental	G	overnmental
Pla	an Grant	Fut	<u>nds</u>		Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,827,901
4	_	Ψ	_	4	1,046,657
	2,674,306	1	76,915		4,913,981
	2,074,300				2,057,099
	_	-	318,167		
	154 747		22,032		368,439
	154,747 -		20,807		1,370,890
	2 020 052		59,091	_	322,946
	<u>2,829,053</u>		97,012		27,907,913
	250,653	-	42,965		8,115,738
	452,649	_	32,536		10,215,110
	432,049	_	.52,550		
	_	-	202 257		2,743,687
	_	-	382,357		2,319,842
	-		-		232,230
			16 022		065 245
	-		16,832		865,245
			2,024	_	57,212
	703,302		776,714		24,549,064
	2 125 751	/1	70 7021		2 250 040
-	<u>2,125,751</u>		.79,702)	-	3,3 <u>58,849</u>
	_		_		3,971,004
(	1,971,004)		-		(3,971,004)
`	-		_		383,045
	-		-		682,393
	-		-		184,428
	1,971,004)				1,249,866
<u> </u>			_		1,2 15,000
	154,747	(1	79,702)		4,608,715
	•	`			• •
	207 167		02 220		10 162 527
	207,167		<u>.83,278</u>		19,162,527
		(1,7	722 <b>,</b> 426)		
	207,167	1,4	160,852		<u> 19,162,527</u>
\$	361,914	\$ 1,2	281,150	\$	23,771,242

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 4,608,715
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	804,263
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financials resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(582,471)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	84,505
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 1,531,768
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,144,792

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **GENERAL FUND**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 16,955,596	\$ 18,227,711	\$ 17,827,901	\$ (399,810)	
Licenses and permits	949,500	950,000	1,046,657	96,657	
Intergovernmental	180,020	207,458	261,137	53,679	
Charges for services	1,234,607	1,356,697	1,738,932	382,235	
Fines	290,000	286,800	346,407	59,607	
Interest	10,800	55,200	1,189,090	1,133,890	
Miscellaneous	222,300	230,506	263,855	33,349	
Total revenues	19,842,823	21,314,372	22,673,979	1,359,607	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	8,694,835	9,719,254	7,609,994	2,109,260	
Public safety	5,514,783	5,950,365	5,784,000	166,365	
Public transportation	3,027,537	3,172,738	2,743,687	429,051	
Legal	1,982,266	2,101,507	1,866,250	235,257	
Library	215,798	232,229	232,230	(1)	
Debt service:					
Principal	327,383	420,573	848,413	(427,840)	
Interest	70,964	<u>124,473</u>	55,188	<u>69,285</u>	
Total expenditures	<u>19,833,566</u>	21,721,139	<u>19,139,762</u>	2,581,377	
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	9,257	(406,767)	3,534,217	3,940,984	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers out	(1,854,473)	(28,700)	(2,000,000)	(1,971,300)	
Issuance of Lease	-	-	383,045	383,045	
Issuance of SBITA	- -	50.000	682,393	682,393	
Insurance recoveries	50,000	50,000	184,428	134,428	
Total other financing sources	(1,804,473)	21,300	(750,134)	(771,434)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,795,216)	(385,467)	2,784,083	3,169,550	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	15,772,082	15,772,082	15,772,082	-	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 13,976,866</u>	<u>\$ 15,386,615</u>	<u>\$ 18,556,165</u>	<u>\$ 3,169,550</u>	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 4,608,715
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	804,263
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financials resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(582,471)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	84,505
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 1,531,768
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,144,792

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION |

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Private PurposeTrusts	Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,631,784</u>	<u>\$ 3,009,963</u>
Total assets	1,631,784	3,009,963
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	150,260 150,260	<u>269,189</u> 269,189
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	1,481,524	2,740,774
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	<u>\$ 2,740,774</u>

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Private Purpose <u>Trus</u> ts	Custodial Funds
Increases Contributions from judgements Lease revenue Interest Deposits held Bonds received	\$ - 324,000 80,452 387,733	\$ 108,206 38,187 38,816,928 579,707
Total increases	792,185	<u>39,543,028</u>
Bonds refunded Commissary purchases Commission paid to inmate welfare-commissary Sales revenue to inmate welfare-non-commissary Deposits returned Disbursements to beneficiaries School allocations  Total decreases	74,896 70,970 168,000 67,441 24,366 382,380	448,952 244,790 - - 293,560 38,534,461 
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	4,132	21,265
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	1,477,392	2,719,509
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	<u>\$ 2,740,774</u>

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Private Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,631,784</u>	\$ 3,009,963
Total assets	1,631,784	3,009,963
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	150,260 150,260	<u>269,189</u> 269,189
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	1,481,524	2,740,774
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	<u>\$ 2,740,774</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Upshur County, Texas, (the County) uses a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, morals, comfort, safety, and convenience of the County and its inhabitants. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

#### A. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," establishes criteria that should be considered and evaluated along with other judgmental factors before a decision is made to include one governmental unit with another governmental unit for the purpose of issuing basic financial statements. The five criteria considered were 1) financial accountability, 2) appointment of voting majority, 3) imposition of will, 4) financial burden to or a burden on a primary government, and 5) financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Upshur County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Depending upon the significance of the County's financial and operational relationships with various separate entities, the organizations are classified as blended or discretely presented component units, related organizations, joint ventures, or jointly governed organizations, and the financial disclosure is treated accordingly.

#### **Related Organizations**

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments. The Commissioners' Court or specific committees of the Commissioners' Court appoint members of many organizations. Positions on these boards are appointed in certain instances in entirety, partially, or with Commissioners' Court members.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The government has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Senate Bill 22</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the Senate Bill 22.

The <u>Texas Historical Commission</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the Texas Historical Commission.

The <u>American Rescue Plan Grant</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the American Rescue Plan Grant.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

**Private-purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for investments, interest, rent and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to various school districts.

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Upshur County, Texas, (the County) uses a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, morals, comfort, safety, and convenience of the County and its inhabitants. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

#### A. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," establishes criteria that should be considered and evaluated along with other judgmental factors before a decision is made to include one governmental unit with another governmental unit for the purpose of issuing basic financial statements. The five criteria considered were 1) financial accountability, 2) appointment of voting majority, 3) imposition of will, 4) financial burden to or a burden on a primary government, and 5) financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Upshur County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Depending upon the significance of the County's financial and operational relationships with various separate entities, the organizations are classified as blended or discretely presented component units, related organizations, joint ventures, or jointly governed organizations, and the financial disclosure is treated accordingly.

#### **Related Organizations**

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments. The Commissioners' Court or specific committees of the Commissioners' Court appoint members of many organizations. Positions on these boards are appointed in certain instances in entirety, partially, or with Commissioners' Court members.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The government has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenues*.

## D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

#### **Cash and Investments**

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County pools cash resources of some funds and invests these funds jointly. Each fund owns a pro rata share of the cash and investments. The County is entitled to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Texas, and certificates of deposit of state or national banks or savings and loan associations within the state. Investments are stated at fair value.

Investment earnings are allocated to the respective funds based on the cash balances outstanding at the end of each month.

#### **Receivables and Pavables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 45% of the total tax receivable balance.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendor reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Difference between expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.
- Pension contributions after the measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenue The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and court fines and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Difference between expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in economic or demographic assumptions or other inputs included in determining
  the pension liability These effects on the total pension liability are deferred and
  amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service
  lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active and
  inactive employees).

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which included property and equipment, are included in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The County's personnel policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Leases & Subscriptions**

The County is a participant in noncancellable lease of equipment and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs). The County recognizes liabilities and intangible right-to-use assets (assets) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease or SBITA, the County initially measures a liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term of the agreement. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the agreement's commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases and SBITAs include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) agreement term, and (3) agreed-upon payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The agreement term includes the noncancellable period of the lease or SBITA.
- The payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

## D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

#### **Cash and Investments**

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County pools cash resources of some funds and invests these funds jointly. Each fund owns a pro rata share of the cash and investments. The County is entitled to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Texas, and certificates of deposit of state or national banks or savings and loan associations within the state. Investments are stated at fair value.

Investment earnings are allocated to the respective funds based on the cash balances outstanding at the end of each month.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

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Certain payments to vendor reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Difference between expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.
- Pension contributions after the measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and SBITAs and will remeasure the assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liabilities.

Lease and SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and the liabilities are reported with long term debt on the statement of net position.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
  either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
  maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not
  expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes
  pursuant to constraints imposed by court resolution of the Commissioners' Court, the
  County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any
  other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by
  taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.
  This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources
  have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent
  to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can
  be expressed by the County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The
  unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
  governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, was adopted effective June 1, 2023. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. As a result of this new accounting standard, the District was required to report changes within the financial reporting entity in more detail; see note disclosure H for additional information.

#### II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$804,263 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,303,805
Disposal of assets	(31,316)
Depreciation expense	(1,468,226)

Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net
position of governmental activities

\$ 804,263

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of this \$84,505 difference are as follows:

Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 72,578
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	 11,927
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ 84,505

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and SBITAs and will remeasure the assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liabilities.

Lease and SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and the liabilities are reported with long term debt on the statement of net position.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
  either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
  maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not
  expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes
  pursuant to constraints imposed by court resolution of the Commissioners' Court, the
  County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any
  other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by
  taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.
  This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources
  have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

#### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information -

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Once approved, the Commissioners' Court may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenue and appropriations. Major special revenue funds are not budgeted; thus, budget schedules are not presented for those funds.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had deficit equity balances as of September 30, 2024:

Governmental funds		Deficit		
CTIF TxDot Grant Law Library	\$	1,206 15,632		
Total	\$	16,838		

If funding from outside sources does not become available to cover these deficit fund balances, the County plans to transfer funds to cover the deficit from the General Fund.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2024, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Net Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 23.538.277	26

The Public Funds Investment Act (government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

#### **Public Funds Investment Pools**

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one-half of one percent of the value of its shares.

TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool, operates in a manner consistent with GASB No. 79 criteria. The County's investment in TexPool is reported at amortized cost. The pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Texas State Comptroller, although it is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government Obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2024, the County's deposit value was fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar-weighted maturity of its portfolio to a maximum of 365 days.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund		s Historical	onmajor ernme <u>ntal</u>		Total
Receivables:			_				
Taxes	\$	2,980,621	\$	_	\$ 48,220	\$	3,028,841
Adjudicated fines		1,345,369		-	-		1,345,369
Miscellaneous		444		-	_		444
Intergovernmental		23,293		206,230	20,162		249,685
Allowance	_	(2,268,622)			 <u>(21,699</u> )	_	(2,290,321)
Total receivables	\$	2,081,105	\$	206,230	\$ 46,683	\$	2,334,018

#### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Government activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 460,998	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 460,998</u>
Total capital assets not being depreclated	460,998		<del>-</del>		460,998
Capital assets, being depreciated:	0.655.044	22.026			9,677,870
Buildings	9,655,844	22,026	- (F24 406)	-	
Furniture and equipment	6,822,755	842,891	(524,496)	-	7,141,150
Right to use: equipment	2,627,679	383,045	(458,242)	(49,482)	2,503,000
Right to use: subscriptions	<u>655,087</u>	1,055,843		<u> </u>	<u>1,710,930</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>19,761,365</u>	2,303,805	<u>(982,738</u> )	<u>(49,482</u> )	<u>21,032,950</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	6,247,363	159,770	-	-	6,407,133
Furniture and equipment	5.238.378	418,614	(466,470)	-	5,190,522
Right to use: equipment	1,307,657	369,949	(214,280)	(18,166)	1,445,160
Right to use: subscriptions	167,944	519,893	-		687,837
Total accumulated depreciation	12,961,342	1,468,226	(680,750)	(18,166)	14,411,402
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,800,023	<u>835,579</u>	(301,988)	(31,316)	7,302,298
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,261,021</u>	<u>\$ 835,579</u>	<u>\$ (301,988</u> )	<u>\$ (31,316</u> )	<u>\$ 7,763,296</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	675,246
Legal		12,951
Public safety		572,899
Public transportation	_	207,130
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,468,22 <u>6</u>

#### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Once approved, the Commissioners' Court may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenue and appropriations. Major special revenue funds are not budgeted; thus, budget schedules are not presented for those funds.

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The following funds had deficit equity balances as of September 30, 2024:

Governmental funds	 Deficit		
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Total	\$ 16,838		

If funding from outside sources does not become available to cover these deficit fund balances, the County plans to transfer funds to cover the deficit from the General Fund.

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As of September 30, 2024, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Net Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 23,538,277	26

The Public Funds Investment Act (government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

#### **Public Funds Investment Pools**

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one-half of one percent of the value of its shares.

TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool, operates in a manner consistent with GASB No. 79 criteria. The County's investment in TexPool is reported at amortized cost. The pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Texas State Comptroller, although it is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	A	mount	
General fund	Nonmajor governmental	\$	21,095	
Total		\$	21,095	

Balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payment between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Transfer in	Transfer out	Amount	Explanation				
Texas Historical Commission Texas Historical Commission	General fund American Recovery Plan Grant	\$ 2,000,000 1,971,004	Local match for courthouse grant Local match for courthouse grant				
Total		\$ 3,971,004					

#### E. Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Additions Reduction			Ending Balance			Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities Lease payable Subscriptions payable Compensated absences	\$	2,204,542 210,631 469,162	\$	383,045 682,393 935,064	\$	654,963 298,461 464,607	\$	1,932,624 594,563 939,619	\$	266,948 309,007 187,924		
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	2,884,335	<u>\$</u>	2,000,502	<u>\$</u>	1,418,031	\$	3,466,806	\$	763,879		

#### F. Lease Payable

A summary of leases payable as of September 30, 2024, are as follows for governmental activities:

Purpose of Lease	Interest Rate	Initial Year of Lease	Amount of Initial Liability		Interest Current Year		Amounts Outstanding 09/30/24		Di	mounts ue Within ine Year
Governmental activiti	es:									
Right to Use:										
Copier	0.7120%	2021	\$	22,403	\$	88	\$	10,054	\$	4,288
Election equipment	3.125%	2021		449,967		10,122		263,037		62,755
Tractor equipment	2.85 - 3.10%	2021		1,077,209		41,458		1,276,488		166,773
Tractor equipment	5.95%	2024		383,045	_	<u>-</u>	_	383,045		33,132
Total government	al activities				<u>\$</u>	51,668	<u>\$</u>	1,932,624	\$	266,948

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Year Ended September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements						
2025	\$ 266,948	\$ 67,822	\$ 334,770						
2026	330,643	59,017	389,660						
2027	988,581	48,335	1,036,916						
2028	108,228	18,669	126,897						
2029	<u>238,224</u>	<u> 15,148</u>	253,372						
Totals	\$ 1,932,624	\$ 208,991	\$ 2,141,615						

#### **G.** Subscriptions Payable

A summary of subscriptions payable as of September 30, 2024, are as follows for governmental activities:

Subscriptions	Interest Rate	Initial Year of Lease	C	Amount of Initial Liability		Interest Current Year		Amounts Outstanding 09/30/24		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities: Right to Use:											
Zuercher Software	3.135%	2022	\$	192,690	\$	4,545	\$	99,616	\$	48,280	
Tyler Software	3.107%	2022		99,865		2,040		33,329		33,329	
Tyler Tech Enterprise Case Manage	3.107%	2024		682,393	_		_	461,618	_	227,398	
Total governmental activities					\$	6,585	<u>\$</u> _	594,563	<u>\$</u>	309,007	

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
Year Ended						Total					
September 30,	F	rincipal	Ir	iterest	Requirements						
2025	\$	309,007	\$	4,198	\$	313,205					
2026		285,556	_	1,609	_	287,165					
Totals	\$	594,563	\$	5,807	\$	600,370					

#### H. Accounting Changes

During the year the County had one change within the financial reporting entity:

 The Texas Historical Commission fund was previously reported as a nonmajor governmental fund and is now reported as a major fund. The change in classification is required based on quantitative factors.

#### V. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County participates in a risk management program through the Texas Association of Counties for workers' compensation coverage.

The County has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The number of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

During the year ended September 30, 1990, the County established an employee medical benefit plan (the Plan) to self-insure claims up to \$75,000 per year for each individual covered; claims above \$75,000 are covered by a stop-loss insurance policy. The County and its covered employees contribute to the fund to pay claims and stop-loss insurance premiums. At September 30, 2024, officials believe that the County has made provisions sufficient to cover estimated claims, including claims incurred, but not yet reported.

The County is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the management, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying combined financial statements and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	 Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 21,095
Total		\$ 21,095

Balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payment between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Transfer in	Transfer out	Amount	Explanation				
Texas Historical Commission Texas Historical Commission	General fund American Recovery Plan Grant	\$ 2,000,000 1,971,004	Local match for courthouse grant Local match for courthouse grant				
Total		\$ 3,971,004					

#### E. Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within Ine Year
Governmental activities Lease payable Subscriptions payable	\$	2,204,542 210,631	\$	383,045 682.393	\$	654,963 298,461	\$	1,932,624 594.563	\$	266,948 309,007
Compensated absences Governmental activity	_	469,162	_	935,064		464,607	_	939,619	_	187,924
long-term liabilities	\$	2,884,335	\$	2,000,502	\$	1,418,031	\$	3,466,806	\$	763,879

#### F. Lease Payable

A summary of leases payable as of September 30, 2024, are as follows for governmental activities:

Purpose of Lease	Interest Rate	Initial Year of Lease	 Amount of Initial Liability	of Initial Current Outstand		Current Outstanding		Di	imounts ue Within ine Year
Governmental activiti	es:								
Right to Use:									
Copier	0.7120%	2021	\$ 22,403	\$	88	\$	10,054	\$	4,288
Election equipment	3.125%	2021	449,967		10,122		263,037		62,755
Tractor equipment	2.85 - 3.10%	2021	1,077,209		41,458		1,276,488		166,773
Tractor equipment	5.95%	2024	383,045	_	<u> </u>	_	383,045	_	33,132
Total governmenta	al activities			\$	51,668	<u>\$</u>	1,932,624	<u>\$</u>	266,948

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Gov	vernmental Activ	ities
Year Ended			Total
September 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Requirements
2025	\$ 266,948	\$ 67,822	\$ 334,770
2026	330,643	59,017	389,660
2027	988,581	48,335	1,036,916
2028	108,228	18,669	126,897
2029	238,224	<u> 15,148</u>	253,372
Totals	<u>\$ 1,932,624</u>	<u>\$ 208,991</u>	<u>\$ 2,141,615</u>

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2024, may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### B. Retirement Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in temporary positions are not eligible for membership.

#### Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	686
Active employees	217
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	288
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	181

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 7.87% and 8.30% in the calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$878,908, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 4.7% per year

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries 135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted and non-depositing members Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General

Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

after 2010.

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-

Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-

2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The economic assumptions were reviewed at the March 2023 TCDRS Board of Trustees meeting and revised assumptions were adopted. These revisions included reductions in the investment return, wage growth, and maximum payroll growth assumptions. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2024, may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **B.** Retirement Plan

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All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in temporary positions are not eligible for membership.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	181
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	288
Active employees	217
	686

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2023 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		03	Geometric Real
		Target <sup>(1)</sup>	Rate of Return <sup>(2)</sup>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(3)</sup>	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(4)</sup>	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

#### Discount Rate

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
		otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset	
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	46,537,294	\$	45,702,843	\$	834,451
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		980,922		-		980,922
Interest on total pension liability (1)		3,501,783		-		3,501,783
Effect of plan Changes (2)		-				-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(496,116)		-		(496,116)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		(258,689)		(258,689)		-
Benefit payments		(2,679,359)		(2,679,359)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(25,595)		25,595
Member contributions		-		627,483		(627,483)
Net investment income		-		5,006,910		(5,006,910)
Employer contributions		-		705,468		(705,468)
Other <sup>(3)</sup>	_			(61,83 <u>9</u> )		61,839
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$	47,585,835	\$	49,017,222	\$	(1,431,387)

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.6%) or 1-percentage-higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%
Total pension liability	\$ 53,262,044	\$ 47,585,835	\$ 42,803,109
Fiduciary net position	49,017,222	49,017,222	49,017,222
Net pension liability/(asset)	<b>\$ 4,244,822</b>	<u>\$ (1,431,387</u> )	<u>\$ (6,214,113</u> )

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

## Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$652,863. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	eferred outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	_	\$	349,677	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		94,127		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		697,111			
Total	\$	791,238	\$	349,677	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> No plan changes valued.

<sup>(3)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2023 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target <sup>(1)</sup>	Geometric Real Rate of Return <sup>(2)</sup>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(3)</sup>	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(4)</sup>	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index <sup>(5)</sup>	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%
(1) Target asset allocation adopted	at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting.		

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting. (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the

#### Discount Rate

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

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\$697,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For The Year	
Ended September 30	
2025	\$ (567,060)
2026	(361,990)
2027	992,828
2028	(319,327)

#### VI. Significant Forthcoming Standards

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements — The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required for capital assets held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

\$697,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For The Year Ended September 30,	
2025 2026	\$ (567,060) (361,990)
2027	992,828
2028	(319,327)

#### VI. Significant Forthcoming Standards

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements – The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Meaurement Date December 31,		2023		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability						_		
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$	980,922 3,501,783 - -	\$	1,011,144 3,382,118 - -	\$	836,547 3,198,101 808,289 (180,481)	\$	788,631 3,153,007 - 2,201,707
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds		(496,116)		(56,800)		95,089		(603,957)
of contributions		(2,938,048)	_	(2,532,784)	_	(2,489,719)		(2,375,718)
Net change in total pension liability		1,048,541		1,803,678		2,267,826		3,163,670
Total pension liability - beginning		<u>46,537,294</u>		44,733,614	_	42,465,788	_	39,302,118
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	47,585,835	\$	46,537,292	\$	44,733,614	\$	42,465,788
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	705,468 627,483	\$	782,681 598,120	\$	559,372 613,522	\$	523,586 547,032
investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of		5,006,910		(2,822,562)		9,095,634		4,067,766
contributions Administrative expenses Other	_	(2,938,048) (25,595) (61,839)	_	(2,532,784) (26,783) (120,5 <u>51</u> )		(2,489,719) (26,956) (25,713)		(2,375,718) (30,804) (34,715)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,314,379		(4,121,879)		7,726,140		2,697,147
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		45,702,843	_	49,824,722	_	42,098,582	_	39,401,435
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	49,017,222		45,702,843	_	49,824,722	_	42,098,582
Net pension liability / (asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,431,387)	\$	834,449	\$	(5,091,108)	\$	367,206
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		103.01%		98.21%		111.38%		99.14%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	8,964,042	\$	8,544,570	\$	8,764,603	\$	7,814,736
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-15.97%		9.77%		-58.09%		4.70%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	744,513 3,027,537 - -	\$	776,007 2,914,987 - -	\$	767,721 2,822,134 - 131,632	\$	820,431 2,664,959 - -	\$	788,144 2,547,645 (73,696) 348,733	\$	789,263 2,446,329 - -
	(26,743)		(187,960)		(530,616)		47,927		(178,427)		(412,926)
	(2,110,270) 1,635,037		(2,054,863) 1,448,171		(2,050,881) 1,139,990		(1,869,364) 1,663,953		(1,860,913) 1,571,486	_	(1,557,281) 1,265,385
<del></del>	37,667,081 39,302,118	\$	36,218,910 37,667,081	<del></del>	35,078,920 36,218,910	<u></u>	33,414,998 35,078,951	<u> </u>	31,843,512 33,414,998	<del></del>	30,578,127 31,843,512
<u> </u>	33,302,110	4	37,007,001	Ψ	50,210,510	4	33,070,331	4	33,414,330	4	31,043,312
\$	463,768 530,454	\$	494,592 524,568	\$	430,934 495,692	\$	457,678 486,893	\$	450,549 463,120	\$	469,153 452,976
	5,725,049		(694,168)		4,799,450		2,341,438		(114,861)		2,146,140
	(2,110,270) (30,025) (32,722)		(2,054,863) (27,996) (27,176)		(2,050,881) (24,367) (15,296)		(1,869,364) (25,427) (75,068)		(1,860,914) (23,151) (15,765)		(1,557,281) (24,740) (192,261)
	4,546,254		(1,785,043)		3,635,532		1,316,150		(1,101,022)		1,293,987
	34,855,181		36,640,224		33,004,692		31,688,573	_	32,789,595		31,495,608
	<u>39,401,435</u>		34,855,181		36,640,224	_	33,004,723	_	31,688,573		32,789,595
\$	(99,317)	\$	2,811,900	<u>\$</u>	(421,314)	\$	2,074,228	<u>\$</u>	1,726,425	<u>\$</u>	(946,083)
	100.25%		92.53%		101.16%		94.09%		94.83%		102.97%
\$	7,577,915	\$	7,493,833	\$	7,029,861	\$	6,955,616	\$	6,615,994	\$	6,471,084
	-1.31%		37.52%		-5.99%		29.82%		26.09%		-14.62%

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		_	ensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll		
2015	\$	454,689	\$	454,689	\$	-	\$	6,572,191	6.9%		
2016	-	457,380	*	457,380	-	-	•	6,892,415	6.6%		
2017		433,992		433,992		-		6,951,911	6.2%		
2018		482,898		482,898		-		7,446,203	6.5%		
2019		466,266		466,266		-		7,472,296	6.2%		
2020		513,633		513,633		-		7,836,933	6.6%		
2021		556,108		556,108		-		8,629,065	6.4%		
2022		537,280		707,193		169,913		8,355,802	6.4%		
2023		732,033		732,033		-		8,928,705	8.2%		
2024		902,117		902,117		-		11,003,836	8.2%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
\$	744,513 3,027,537	\$	776,007 2,914,987	\$	767,721 2,822,134 -	\$	820,431 2,664,959	\$	788,144 2,547,645 (73,696)	\$ 789,263 2,446,329
	- (26,743)		- (187,960)		131,632 (530,616)		- 47,927		348,733 (178,427)	- (412,926)
	(2,110,270) 1,635,037 37,667,081		(2,054,863) 1,448,171 36,218,910	_	(2,050,881) 1,139,990 35,078,920		(1,869,364) 1,663,953 33,414,998		(1,860,913) 1,571,486 31,843,512	 (1,557,281) 1,265,385 30,578,127
\$	39,302,118	\$	37,667,081	\$	36,218,910	<u>\$</u>	35,078,951	<u>\$</u>	33,414,998	\$ 31,843,512
\$	463,768 530,454	\$	494,592 524,568	\$	430,934 495,692	\$	457,678 486,893	\$	450,549 463,120	\$ 469,153 452,976
	5,725,049		(694,168)		4,799,450		2,341,438		(114,861)	2,146,140
	(2,110,270) (30,025) (32,722)		(2,054,863) (27,996) (27,176)		(2,050,881) (24,367) (15,296)		(1,869,364) (25,427) (75,068)		(1,860,914) (23,151) (15,765)	(1,557,281) (24,740) (192,261)
	4,546,254 34,855,181		(1,785,043) 36,640,224		3,635,532 33,004,692		1,316,150 31,688,573	-	(1,101,022) 32,789,595	 1,293,987 31,495,608
	39,401,435		34,855,181		36,640,224		33,004,723	_	<u>31,688,573</u>	 32,789,595
<u>\$</u>	(99,317)	<u>\$</u>	2,811,900	<u>\$</u>	(421,314)	\$	2,074,228	<u>\$</u>	1,726,425	\$ (946,083)
\$	100.25% 7,577,915	\$	92.53% 7,493,833	\$	101.16% 7,029,861	\$	94.09% 6,955,616	\$	94.83% 6,615,994	\$ 102.97% 6,471,084
	-1.31%		37.52%		-5.99%		29.82%		26.09%	-14.62%

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#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17.2 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses,

including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed

to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and

120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected

in the Schedule of Employer

in the Schedule of Employer

\_\_\_\_

reflected.

**Contributions\*** 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer Contributions\*

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were felected in the

Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2022: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased to 150% for future benefits

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)
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12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

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120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after

2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected

in the Schedule of Employer

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

Contributions\* 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions\* 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were felected in the

Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

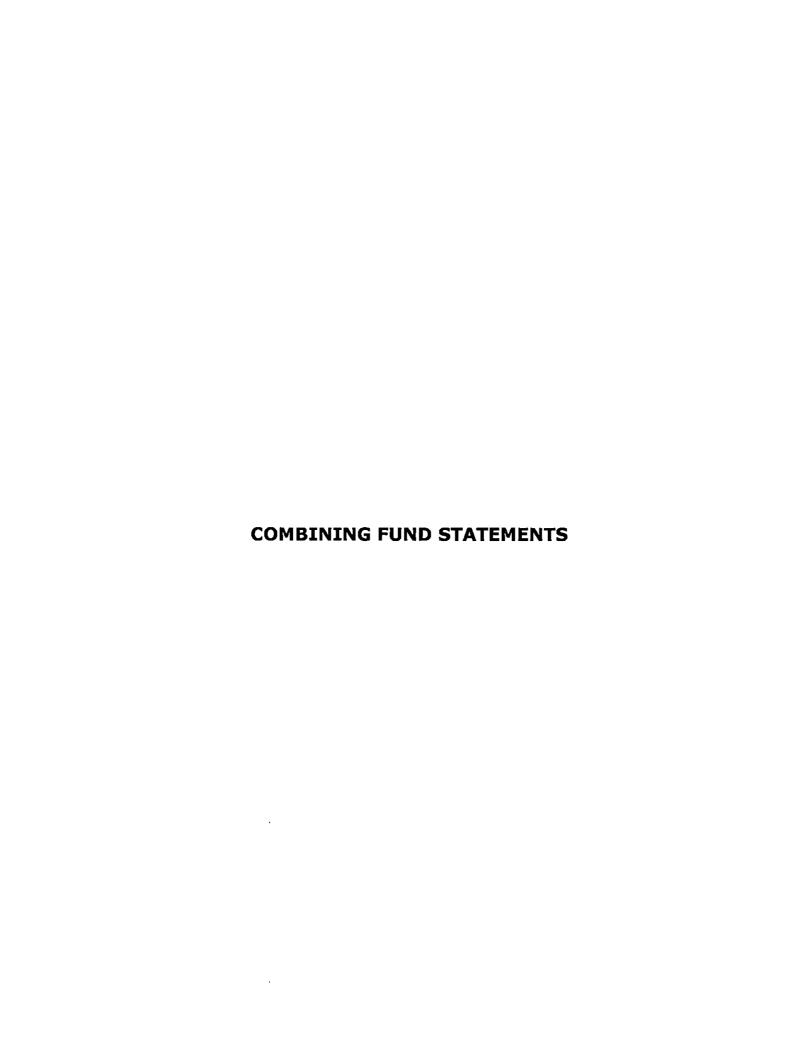
Schedule.

2022: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased to 150% for future benefits

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.





#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for revenues that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purposes. The County's Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

**CETRZ** 

Sheriff's Special

District Clerk Records

D. A. Forfeiture

Records Management Fee

Records Management and Other

County Clerk Records Management and Other

District Clerk Records Management and Other

Courthouse Security

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant

County and District Court Preservation

Family Violence Intervention Program

Project Lifesaver

County and District Technology

Law Library

D. A. Art 53.08 Fees

Law Enforcement Education

Judicial Education

Child Protection Fee

Arson Task Force

Election Refund

**FEMA** 

**Drug Interdiction** 

Justice of the Peace Court Technology

District Clerk Record Archive

JP Courthouse Security

Records Archive Fee

Victims' Assistance Grant

Court Initiated Guardianship

Court Facility

Language Access

County Jury

Justice Court Support

Asset Forfeiture DEA

Jail Commissary Stipends

Pretrial Intervention Program

Tax Office VIT Interest Fund

Union Grove Water Grant

HAVA Grant

CTIF TxDot Grant

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for revenues that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purposes. The County's Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

Sheriff's Special

**District Clerk Records** 

D. A. Forfeiture

Records Management Fee

Records Management and Other

County Clerk Records Management and Other

District Clerk Records Management and Other

Courthouse Security

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant

**County and District Court Preservation** 

Family Violence Intervention Program

Project Lifesaver

County and District Technology

Law Library

D. A. Art 53.08 Fees

Law Enforcement Education

**Judicial Education** 

**Child Protection Fee** 

Arson Task Force

**Election Refund** 

**FEMA** 

**Drug Interdiction** 

Justice of the Peace Court Technology

District Clerk Record Archive

JP Courthouse Security

Records Archive Fee

Victims' Assistance Grant

# **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of certificate of obligation principal and interest from governmental resources.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		S	pecial Revenue	2	
	104	271	222	250	224
	CETRZ	Sheriff's Special	District Clerk <u>Records</u>	D.A. <u>Forfeiture</u>	Records Management Fee
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 30,942 - - - 30,942	\$ 134,696 - - 134,696	\$ 20,225 - - 20,225	\$ 9,165 - - 9,165	\$ 311,033 - - - - 311,033
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	79 	<u> </u>		2,152 - 2,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Restricted for: Child protection County and district clerk services Court security and technology District Attorney Drug enforcement Elections Federal and state grants Forfeiture Judicial education Law enforcement Debt service Other Unassigned Total fund balances	- - - - - - - 30,942	134,617	20,225 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	9,165	308,881 
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 30,942</u>	<u>\$ 134,696</u>	\$ 20,225	\$ 9,16 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 311,033</u>

# **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The <b>Debt Service</b>	<b>e Fund</b> is used	to account fo	r the accumulation	of resources a	nd payment of	certificate of
obligation principa						

				_		Specia	al Revenue				_		
	201		215		216		200		276		220		300
	_		County		District						inty and		amily
	Records		k Records		k Records	_			cal Law		istrict		iolence
	nagement		nagement		nagement		urthouse		orcement		Court	-	ervention
ar	nd Other	ar	d Other	<u>ar</u>	nd Other	5	ecurity	Blo	ck Grant	Pres	ervation	P	rogram
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,917	\$	94,607	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	-
	_		-		-		-		-		-		-
													9,557
	82,174		11,340		30,917		94,607		1,127		3,307		9,557
					231		513		_		_		909
	_		_		-		-		_		_		7,889
		-			231		513					-	8,798
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _			-	513				<del></del>		0,730
	<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
			<u></u>				<del>-</del>						
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	82,174		11,340		30,686		_		-		3,307		_
	-		,		-		94,094		-		-		-
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	-		-		_		-		_		-		-
	82,174		11,340		30,686		94,094		1,127		3,307		759
- ;	<u> </u>		22,0.0				,						
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,917	\$	94,607	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	9,557

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		S	pecial Revenu	ie	
	274	221	2 <b>02</b>	255	272
	Project Lifesaver	County and District Technology	Law <u>Library</u>	D.A. Art 53.08 Fees	Law Enforcement Education
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 5,048 - - 5,048	\$ 11,719 - - - 11,719	\$ 2,187 - - 2,187	\$ 1,042 - - 1,042	\$ 46,155 - - 46,155
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities		<u> </u>	5,819 12,000 17,819	<u>:</u>	150  150
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources			<u>-</u>		
Restricted for: Child protection County and district clerk services Court security and technology District Attorney Drug enforcement Elections Federal and state grants Forfeiture Judicial education Law enforcement Debt service Other Unassigned Total fund balances	- - - - - - - - 5,048	- 11,719 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - (15,632)	- - - 1,042 - - - - - - - - - - 1,042	- - - - - 46,005 - - - - - - - 46,005
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 5,048</u>	<u>\$ 11,719</u>	<u>\$ 2,187</u>	<u>\$ 1,042</u>	<u>\$ 46,155</u>

Special Revenue

County Clerk Records Management and Other  11,340  11,340	District Clerk Records Management and Other  \$ 30,917	\$ 94,607 	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant  \$ 1,127	County and District Court Preservation  \$ 3,307	Family Violence Intervention Program  \$ - 9,555 9,555 9,555 9,558 8,796
Management and Other 11,340 - -	### Management and Other  \$ 30,917	\$ 94,607 - 94,607 513	### ##################################	Court Preservation  \$ 3,307	### Intervention   Program
11,340 -	and Other  \$ 30,917	\$ 94,607 - 94,607 513	\$ 1,127	\$ 3,307	9,55 9,55 9,55
11,340	\$ 30,917 	\$ 94,607 - - - - 94,607 513	\$ 1,127 - - 1,127 - -	\$ 3,307	\$ - 9,55 9,55 9,55
- -	30,917 231 - 231	94,607 513			9,55 9,55 900 7,889
	231	513		3,307	9,55 909 7,889
	231	513		3,307	9,55 90 7,88
	231	513			90 7,88
- - -	231		<u>-</u>		7,88
<u>-</u>	231	513		-	
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-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,127	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	75
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
11.340	30,686	94,094	1.127	3,307	75
	11,340 		94,094 94,094	94,094	94,094

Spec		

 229 203		275 '	Эрсс	226		303	:	290	227		
udicial lucation	Pro	Child tection Fee	Arson Task Force		Election Refund		FEMA	Inte	Orug rdiction	th	ustice of ne Peace Court chnology
\$ 6,727	\$	521	\$ 14,167	\$	53,474	\$	19,691	\$	532	\$	39,781
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
 		-	 								-
 6,727		521	 14,167		<u>53,474</u>	_	19,691		532		39,781
-		_	_		_		_		_		350
_		-	-		-		-		-		-
-											350
_		_	_		_		_		_		_
-		-	 	_					-		
-		521	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		- 39,431
-		-	-		_				-		39,431
-		_	-		-		_		532		_
-		-			53,474		-		-		_
-		-	-				19,691		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
6,727		-	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	14,167		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		<u>-</u>		-		-
 6,727		521	 14,167		53,474	_	19,691		532		39,431
0,121		<u> </u>	 14,107		<u> </u>		15,051		332		55,154
\$ 6,727	\$	521	\$ 14,167	\$	53,474	\$	19,691	\$	532	\$	39,781

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		S	pecial Revenu	ie	
	223 District	228	225	308	230
	Cierk	JР	Records	Victims'	Court
	Record	Courthouse	Archive	Assistance	Initiated
	Archive	Security	Fee	Grant	Guardianship
ASSETS	-				<u>,</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 33,529	\$ 27,430	\$ 64,173	\$ 14,024	\$ 46,046
Receivables (net of					
allowance for uncollectibles)	-	-	-		-
Due from other governments		<del>-</del>		<u> 10,605</u>	
Total assets	<u>33,529</u>	27,430	64,173	24,629	<u>46,046</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	-	_	450	596	-
Due to other funds	<del>-</del>				-
Total liabilities			450	596	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	_	_	_	_
Total deferred inflows of resources					-
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Child protection	-	-	-	-	46,046
County and district clerk services	33,529	-	63,723	-	-
Court security and technology	-	27,430	-	-	-
District Attorney	-	-	-	-	-
Drug enforcement	-	-	-	-	-
Elections	=	=	-	-	=
Federal and state grants Forfeiture	-	-	-	24,033	-
Judicial education	_	- -	-	_	_
Law enforcement	-	-	_	_	_
Debt service	_	_	-	_	_
Other	_	_	_	_	_
Unassigned	-	-	_	_	-
Total fund balances	33,529	27,430	63,723	24,033	46,046
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,					
and fund balances	<u>\$ 33,529</u>	\$ 27,430	<u>\$ 64,173</u>	<u>\$ 24,629</u>	<u>\$ 46,046</u>

Special Revenue 290 227 203 275 226 303 229 Justice of the Peace Child Arson Judicial Election Drug Court Protection Task Refund **FEMA** Interdiction Technology Education Force Fee 532 39,781 \$ 6,727 521 \$ 14,167 53,474 19,691 6,727 521 14,167 53,474 19,691 532 39,781 350 350 521 39,431 532 53,474 19,691 6,727 14,167 <u>521</u> 6,727 53,474 19,691 532 39,431 14,167 6,727 521 14,167 53,474 19,691 532 39,781

231		232				Special Revenue 234			270	2	.73	251		
Court Facility			nguage ccess	County Jury		Justice Court Support		F-	Asset orfeiture DEA	Comr	ail nissary ends	Inte	Pretrial ervention rogram	
3	7,880	\$	11,694	\$ 12,	755	\$	42,958	\$	12,739	\$	563	\$	14,837	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
			-			_	-		<u>-</u>					
3	7,880	<del></del>	11,694	12	755		42,958		12,739		563		14,837	
	_		-		-		625		_		374		-	
			-				-				-			
. <u>.</u>	<u></u>						625				374			
	-		_		_		_		_		_		_	
					<u>-</u>		-	_			_		-	
3	7,880		11,694	12,	755		42,333		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		- 44.007	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		14,837	
	-		-		-		-		_		_		_	
	_		_		_		-		-		_		_	
	-		_		_		_		12,739		189		_	
	-		-		_		_				-		_	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		_	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
						_	-		-				-	
3	7,880		11,694	12	755	_	42,333		12,739		189		14,837	
3	7,880	\$	11,694	\$ 12	755	\$	42,958	¢	12,739	\$	563	\$	14,837	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Special Revenue						
	240	306 Rifle	321	304/310	324			
	Tax Office	Resistant						
	VIT Interest	Shield	Union Grove	HAVA	CTIF			
	Fund	Fund	Water Grant	Grant	TxDot Grant			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	<b>\$ 15,865</b>	\$ -	\$ 950	\$ 252	\$ -			
Receivables (net of								
allowance for uncollectibles)	-	-	=	-	-			
Due from other governments								
Total assets	<u> 15,865</u>		<u>950</u>	<u>252</u>				
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	421	-	-	-	-			
Due to other funds					1,206			
Total liabilities	421				1,206			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	-	-	-	_			
Total deferred inflows of resources								
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Child protection	-	_	-	-	-			
County and district clerk services	-	-	-	-	-			
Court security and technology	-	-	=	=	=			
District Attorney	-	-	-	_	-			
Drug enforcement	-	-	-	-	-			
Elections	-	-	-	252	-			
Federal and state grants	-	-	=	-	-			
Forfeiture	-	-	-	-	-			
Judicial education	-	-	-	-	-			
Law enforcement	-	-	-	-	-			
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-			
Other	15,444	-	950	-	(1.205)			
Unassigned					(1,206)			
	<u> 15,444</u>		950	<u>252</u>	(1,206)			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,								
and fund balances	<u>\$ 15,865</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 950</u>	<u>\$ 252</u>	<u>\$ -</u>			

				Special Reven	ue					
231		232	233	234		270	273			251
Court Facility		anguage Access	County Jury	Justice Court Support	F:	Asset orfeiture DEA	Ja Comm Stipe	issary	Inte	Pretrial ervention rogram
\$ 37,88	80 \$	11,694	\$ 12,755	\$ 42,958	\$	12,739	\$	563	\$	14,837
-		-	-	-		-		_		_
		<u> </u>				-				-
37,88	80	11,694	12,755	42,958		12,739		<u>563</u>		14,837
-		_	-	625		_		374		_
								-		-
				625				374		_
_		_	_	<b></b>		_		_		_
		-				-				-
37,88	in.	11,694	12,755	42,333		_		_		_
-			-	-		-		_		_
-		-	-	_		_		-		-
-		-	-	-		-		-		14,837
-		-	-	-		-		-		-
-		-	=	-		-		-		-
_		_	-	-		12,739		- 189		-
_		-	-	_		12,739		-		-
-		_	_	_		_		_		_
-		-	-	-		-		-		_
-		-	-	-		-		-		-
-		<u> </u>				-		_		-
37,88	<u> </u>	11,694	12,755	42,333		12,739		189		14,837
<u>\$ 37,88</u>	<u>:0                                    </u>	11,694	<u>\$ 12,755</u>	<u>\$ 42,958</u>	\$	12,739	\$	<u>563</u>	<u>\$</u>	14,837

Debt Service 401

5	Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	27,574	\$	1,293,846
	26,521 -		26,521 20,162
	54,095	_	1,340,529
	- 		12,669 21,095 33,764
	25,615 25,615		25,615 25,615
	28,480		151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 90,856 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480 52,384 (16,838) 1,281,150
\$	54,095	\$	1,340,529

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue										
	104	271	222	250	224						
	CETRZ	Sheriff's Special	District Clerk Records	D.A. Forfeiture	Records Management Fee						
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 19,678 - - 8,172 - - 27,850	\$ - 268 - - - - - 268	\$ - 2,592 420 - 3,012	\$ - 81,630 - - - 81,630						
EXPENDITURES  General government Public safety Legal Debt service:	- - -	- 110,262 -	- - -	- 1,685	42,190 - -						
Principal Interest		- - 110,262	-		4,661 - 46,851						
Total expenditures  NET CHANGE IN  FUND BALANCES	-	(82,412)	268	1,327	34,779						
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS PREVIOULSY REPORTED	30,942	217,029	19,957	7,838	<u>274,102</u>						
ADJUSTMENTS  Change to or within the financial reporting entity											
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	30,942	217,029	19,957	<u>7,838</u>	274,102						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 30,942</u>	<u>\$ 134,617</u>	\$ 20,225	\$ 9,165	<u>\$ 308,881</u>						

#### Debt Service 401

 Debt Gervice	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 27,574	\$	1,293,846
26,521 -		26,521 20,162
54,095	=	1,340,529
 <u>-</u> -		12,669 21,095 33,764
 25,615 25,615		25,615 25,615
 - - - - - - - 28,480 - - 28,480		151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 53,726 90,856 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480 52,384 (16,838) 1,281,150
\$ 54,095	\$	1,340,529

						Specia	al Revenue						
	201		215	-	216		200		276		220		300
Ma	Records nagement nd Other	Cler Mar	County k Records nagement nd Other	Cierl Man	District Records agement d Other		ırthouse ecurity	Enf	cal Law orcement ck Grant	Dist	unty and rict Court servation	\ Int	Family Violence Program
\$	- 5,109	\$	- 4,220	\$	- 17,600	\$	- 24,822	\$	-	\$	- 110	\$	54 <b>,</b> 167
	-		-		-		4,749		-		<u>-</u>		-
	<u> </u>						<u> </u>		-				59,091
	5,109		4,220		17,600		29,571		<del></del>		110		113,258
	50,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		7,094		14,591		-		100,000		111,126
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
											-		-
-	50,000				7,094		14,591		<del>-</del>		100,000		111,126
	(44,891)		4,220		10,506		14,980		-		(99,890)		2,132
	127,065		7,120		20,180		79,114		1,127		103,197		(1,373)
	<u>-</u>								-				
	127,065		7,120		20,180		79,114		1,127		103,197		(1,373)
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,686	\$	94,094	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	759

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue										
		274		221		202	255			272	
		Project Lifesaver		County and District Technology		_aw brary	D.A. Art 53.08 Fees		Law Enforcement Education		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	16,532	
Charges for services	,	-	•	768		25,375	•	-	•	-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous									_		
Total revenues		-		768		25 <b>,37</b> 5			_	16,532	
EXPENDITURES										1 500	
General government		-		-		-		-		1,500 2,783	
Public safety Legal		-		-		33,748		-		2,763	
Debt service:						33,740				2,505	
Principal		-		-		-		_		-	
Interest		-				-					
Total expenditures	_	-		-		33,748			_	6,846	
NET CHANGE IN											
FUND BALANCES		-		768		(8,373)		-		9,686	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS PREVIOULSY REPORTED		5,048	:	10,951		(7,259)		1,042	_	36,319	
ADJUSTMENTS  Change to or within the financial reporting entity				<u>-</u>					_		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	_	5,048	:	<u> 10,951</u>	_	<b>(7,</b> 259)		1,042	_	36,319	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	5,048	<b>\$</b> :	11,719	<u>\$ (</u>	15,632)	<u>\$</u>	1,042	\$	46,005	

Special Revenue	
200	

	201	215			216		200		276		220	300	
Mai	Records nagement nd Other	Count Clerk Rec Managen and Oth	ords nent	Cleri Man	vistrict c Records agement d Other		rthouse ecurity	Enfo	cal Law rcement ck Grant	Dist	County and District Court Preservation		Family folence ervention rogram
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- \$ -		\$	54,167	
	5,109	. 4	,220	•	17,600	•	24,822	'	-	,	110	7	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		4,749		-		-		-
							-		-		<del>-</del>		59,091
	5,109	4	,220		17,600		29,571				110		113,258
	50,000		-		-		-		-		_		-
	· <del>-</del>		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		7,094		14,591		-		100,000		111,126
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
			<u> </u>									-	
	50,000				7,094		14,591		-		100,000		111,126
	(44,891)	4	,220		10,506		14,980		-		(99,890)		2,132
	127,065	7	,120		20,180		79,114		1,127		103,197		(1,373)
		-	,	-	20,100	-	, , , , ,				100/107		(2,575)
	<u> </u>								-		-		_
	127.065	-	120		20.100		70.111		1 100		102.402	_	(4.575)
	127,065		,120		20,180		79 <u>,114</u>		1,127		103,197		(1,373)
<u>\$</u>	82,174	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>,340</u>	\$	30,686	\$	94,094	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	759

						Specia	al Revenue						
	229	:	203		275		226		303	2	90		227
	udicial lucation	Prof	Child tection Fee		Arson Task Force		lection efund		FEMA		rug diction	the	stice of e Peace Court hnology
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
*	790	4	-	Ψ	_	4	13,775	*	-	Ψ	-	Ψ.	-
	-		-		-		· <del>-</del>		-		-		6,797
	-		-		-		-		-		28		-
	-		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>								
	790						13,775		-				6,797
	934		_		_		9,450		-		_		12,984
	-		-		-		-		-		-		,
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		12,171		-		-		-
							2,024		-				
	934						23,645		-			_	12,984
	(144)		-		-		(9,870)		-		28		(6,187)
	6,871		521		14,167		63,344		19,691		<u>504</u>		45,618
	6,871		521	_	14,167		63,344		19,691		504		45,618 <u></u>
\$	6,727	\$	521	\$	14,167	\$	53,474	\$	19,691	\$	532	\$	39,431

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		S	pecial Revenu	e	
	223	228	225	308	230
	District				
	Clerk	JР	Records	Victims'	Court
	Record	Courthouse	Archive	Assistance	Initiated
	Archive	Security	Fee	Grant	Guardianship
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,738	\$ -
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	30	2,098	81,270	-	4,920
Interest	2,730	-	_	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	_	-	-	-
Total revenues	2,760	2,098	81,270	81,738	4,920
EXPENDITURES					
General government	-	516	114,658	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Legal	29,249	-	-	71,853	-
Debt service:					
Principal Interest	_	_	_	_	_
	29,249	516	114,658	71,853	<del></del>
Total expenditures			114,030		-
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCES	(26,489)	1,582	(33,388)	9,885	4,920
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS	CO 010	25.040	07 111	14 140	41 176
PREVIOULSY REPORTED	60,018	<u>25,848</u>	97,111	14,148	41,126
ADJUSTMENTS					
Change to or within the financial reporting entity		<del>-</del>	I <del></del>		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	60,018	<u>25,848</u>	97,111	14,148	41,126
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 33,529</u>	<u>\$ 27,430</u>	<u>\$ 63,723</u>	\$ 24,033	<u>\$ 46,046</u>

						Speci	al Revenue						
	229		203		275		226		303	2	290		227
	dicial Icat <u>i</u> on	Pro	Child tection Fee	·	Arson Task Force		lection Refund	•	FEMA		Drug Interdiction		stice of e Peace Court hnology
\$	- 790 - - - - 790 934 - -	\$	- - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - - -	<b>\$</b>	13,775 - - - 13,775 9,450 - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$ 	28 	\$ 	- 6,797 - - - 6,797 12,984
	934 (144)		- - -		- - -	_	12,171 2,024 23,645 (9,870)	_	- - - -		- - - - 28		- 12,984 (6,187)
_	6,871		<u>521</u>	_	14,167 	_	63,344	_	19,691		504		45,618 -
	6,871		521		14,167		63,344		19,691		504		45,618
<u>\$</u>	6,727	\$	521	<u>\$</u>	14,167	\$	53,474	\$	19,691	\$	532	\$	39,431

						Speci	ial Revenue						
	231	2	232		233		234		270		273		251
	Court Facility		guage ccess		County Jury	Justice Court Support		Asset Forfeiture DEA		Jail Commissary Stipends		Pretrial Intervention Program	
\$	14,280 - - - 14,280	\$ 	4,422 - - - - 4,422	\$ 	7,140 - - - - - 7,140	\$	19,000 - - - 19,000	\$ 	12,643 550 - 13,193	\$	- - - -	\$ 	10,540 - - - 10,540
	- - -		- - -		5,162 - -		- - 7,767		- 8,697 -		- 10,794 -		- - 2,681
_	<u>-</u>		<u>.</u> 		- - 5,162		- - 7,767	_	- - 8,697		- - 10,794		- - 2,681
	14,280		4,422		1,978		11,233		4,496		(10,794)		7,859
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		<u>8,243</u>		10,983		6,978
									<del>-</del>				
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		8,243		10,983		6,978
\$	37,880	\$	11,694	\$	12,755	\$	42,333	\$	12,739	\$	189	\$	14,837

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Special Revenu	e	
	240	306	309	321	304/310
	Tax Office VIT Interest Fund	Rifle Resistant Shield Fund	Texas Historical Commission *	Union Grove Water Grant	HAVA Grant
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 2,800		\$ 2,000	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-	-
Interest Miscellaneous	4,145	-		_	13
Total revenues	4,145	2,800		2,000	13
		2,000		2,000	
EXPENDITURES General government	771	2,800		2,000	
Public safety	-	2,800		2,000	- -
Legal	-	-		-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-		-	-
Interest		2.000			
Total expenditures	771	2,800		2,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,374	-		-	13
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS					
PREVIOULSY REPORTED	12,070		1,722,426	<u>950</u>	239
ADJUSTMENTS			(4 700 400)		
Change to or within the financial reporting entity			<u>(1,722,426</u> )		<del></del>
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	12,070			950	239
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 15,444	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 950</u>	\$ 252

Special Revenue													
231		232		233		234  Justice Court Support		270 Asset Forfeiture DEA		273 Jail Commissary Stipends			251
Court Facility		Language Access		County Jury								Pretrial Intervention Program	
\$ 	14,280 - - - 14,280	\$	- 4,422 - - - - - 4,422	\$	7,140 - - - - - - - 7,140	<b>\$</b>	19,000 - - - 19,000	<b>\$</b>	12,643 550  13,193	\$ 	- - - - -	\$	10,540 - - - 10,540
	- - -		- - -		5,162 - -		- 7,767		- 8,697 -		- 10,794 -		- - 2,681
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> -		- - 5,162		- - 7,767		- - 8,697		- - 10,794		- - 2,681
	14,280		4,422		1,978		11,233		4,496		(10,794)		7,859
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		8,243		10,983		6,978
							-						
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		8,243		10,983		6,978
<u>\$</u>	37,880	<u>\$</u>	11,694	\$	12,755	\$	42,333	\$	12,739	\$	189	\$	14,837

Debt
Special Revenue Service
324 401

Tx[	CTIF Oot Grant		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	_	\$	_	\$	176,915		
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	318,167		
	_		_		22,032		
	_		_		20,807		
	-		_		59,091		
-	_	•	_		597,012		
	<del></del>						
	-		-		242,965		
	-		-		132,536		
	-		-		382,357		
	-		_		16,832		
	-		-		2,024		
					776,714		
					•		
	-		-		(179,702)		
	(1,206)		28,480		3,183,278		
			_		(1,722,426)		
	(1,206)		28,480		1,460,852		
\$	(1,206)	\$	28,480	\$	1,281,150		

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 Special Revenue
 Service

 324
 401

TxE	CTIF Oot Grant		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	<u>-</u>		_	\$	176,915		
т.	_	\$	_	т	318,167		
	-		=		22,032		
	-		-		20,807		
	-		-		59,091		
					597,012		
					337,012		
	-		<del></del>		242,965		
	-		-		132,536		
	-		-		382,357		
	-		-		16,832		
			-		2,024		
	-		-		776,714		
	-		-		(179,702)		
	(1,206)		28,480		3,183,278		
		_			(1,722,426)		
	(1,206)		28,480		1,460,852		
<u>\$</u>	(1,206)	\$	28,480	\$	<u>1,281,150</u>		

# **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

**Investment Trust Funds** are used to report fiduciary activities from individual investment accounts that are held in a fiduciary trust. The County's investment trust funds are as follows:

Jail Inmate Trust

Private Purpose Trust

**District Attorney Trust** 

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The County's custodial funds are as follows:

State Fees

Child Safety

District Clerk Excess Proceed

District Clerk Bond

District Clerk Registry Account

County Clerk Bond Account

County Clerk Registry Account

Tax Assessor/Collector General

Tax Assessor/Collector TXDOT

Tax Assessor/Collector Boat and Motor

Tax Assessor/Collector Auto Sales Tax

Tax Assessor/Collector Special Inventory

Tax Assessor/Collector Credit Card Merchant

Sheriff Cash Bond

Jail Inmate Welfare

**Probation Office Juvenile** 

**Probation Office Adult** 

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Jail Inmate Trust	Private Purpose Trust	District Attorney Trust	Totals	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 44,359</u>	<u>\$ 1,582,320</u>	<u>\$ 5,105</u>	<u>\$ 1,631,784</u>	
Total assets	44,359	1,582,320	5,105	1,631,784	
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments		150,260		<u> 150,260</u>	
Total liabilities		150,260		150,260	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals, organizations,					
and other governments	44,359	1,432,060	<u>5,105</u>	<u>1,481,524</u>	
Total net position	<u>\$ 44,359</u>	<u>\$ 1,432,060</u>	\$ 5,105	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**Investment Trust Funds** are used to report fiduciary activities from individual investment accounts that are held in a fiduciary trust. The County's investment trust funds are as follows:

Jail Inmate Trust

Private Purpose Trust

District Attorney Trust

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The County's custodial funds are as follows:

State Fees

Child Safety

District Clerk Excess Proceed

District Clerk Bond

District Clerk Registry Account

County Clerk Bond Account

County Clerk Registry Account

Tax Assessor/Collector General

Tax Assessor/Collector TXDOT

Tax Assessor/Collector Boat and Motor

Tax Assessor/Collector Auto Sales Tax

Tax Assessor/Collector Special Inventory

Tax Assessor/Collector Credit Card Merchant

Sheriff Cash Bond

Jail Inmate Welfare

**Probation Office Juvenile** 

**Probation Office Adult** 

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Jail Private Inmate Purpose Trust Trust		District Attorney Trust	Totals	
Increases	1				
Lease revenue	\$ -	\$ 324,000	\$	\$ 324,000	
Interest	42	80,405	5	80,452	
Deposits held	380,396	<del></del>	<u>7,337</u>	387,733	
Total increases	380,438	404,405	7,342	792,185	
Decreases					
Commissary purchases Commission paid to	74,896	-	-	74,896	
Inmate welfare-commissary Sales revenue to	70,970	-	-	70,970	
infante welfare-non-commissary	168,000	-	-	168,000	
Deposits returned	67,441	_	-	67,441	
Disbursements to beneficiaries	-	17,029	7,337	24,366	
School allocations		382,380		382,380	
Total decreases	381,307	399,409	<u> 7,337</u>	788,053	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(869)	4,996	5	4,132	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	45,228	_ 1,427,064	5,100	1,477,392	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 44,359	<u>\$ 1,432,060</u>	\$ 5,105	\$ 1,481,524	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	State Fees	Child Safety	District Clerk Excess Proceed	District Clerk Bond	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 69,861	\$ 1,399	\$ 410,513	\$ 74,1 <u>28</u>	
Total assets	69,861	1,399	410,513	74,128	
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	<u>69,861</u>	1,399			
Total liabilities	69,861	1,399		<del>-</del>	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments			410,513	74,128	
Total net position	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 410,513</u>	\$ 74,12 <u>8</u>	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

_	Jail Private Inmate Purpose Trust Trust		District Attorney Trust	Totals	
Increases		+ 224.000		± 224.000	
Lease revenue Interest	\$ - 42	\$ 324,000 80,405	\$ - 5	\$ 324,000 80,452	
Deposits held	380,396	50,403	7,337	387,733	
Deposits Heid	360,030		7,337		
Total increases	380,438	404,405	7,342	792,185	
Decreases					
Commissary purchases	74,896	-	-	74,896	
Commission paid to	•			•	
Inmate welfare-commissary	70,970	-	-	70,970	
Sales revenue to					
infante welfare-non-commissary	168,000	-	-	168,000	
Deposits returned	67,441	-		67,441	
Disbursements to beneficiaries	-	17,029	7,337	24,366	
School allocations		382,380		382,380	
Total decreases	381,307	399,409	7,337	788,053	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(869)	4,996	5	4,132	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	<u>45,228</u>	1,427,064	<u>5,100</u>	1,477,392	
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 44,359</u>	<u>\$ 1,432,060</u>	<u>\$ 5,105</u>	<u>\$_1,481,524</u>	

District Clerk Registry Account	County Clerk Bond Account	County Clerk Registry Account	Tax Assessor/ Collector General	Assessor/ Assessor/ Collector Collector		Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax
<u>\$ 47,227</u>	\$ 221,851	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,265	<b>\$ 4,287</b>
47,227	221,851	362,586	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
		<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	
47,227	221,851	362,586	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
<u>\$ 47,227</u>	<u>\$ 221,851</u>	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,265	<u>\$ 4,287</u>

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

400570	Assessor/ Collector Special Inventory	Assessor/ Collector Credit Card Merchant	Sheriff Cash Bond	Jail Inmate Welfare	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 43,228	\$ 310	\$ 43,398	<u>\$ 197,929</u>	
Total assets	43,228	310	43,398	197,929	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments	<del>-</del>			197,929	
Total liabilities		<u> </u>		197,929	
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	43,228	310	43,398		
Total net position	<u>\$ 43,228</u>	<u>\$ 310</u>	<u>\$ 43,398</u>	<u>\$</u>	

District Clerk Registry Account	County Clerk Bond Account	County Clerk Registry Account	Tax Assessor/ Collector General	Tax Assessor/ Collector TXDOT	Assessor/ Collector Boat and Motor	Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax
\$ 47,227	<u>\$ 221,851</u>	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	<u>\$ 98,018</u>	\$ 286,750	<u>\$ 9,265</u>	<u>\$ 4,287</u>
47,227	221,851	362,586	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
			<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	<del></del>
		<del></del>			-	
47,227	221,851	<u>362,586</u>	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
\$ 47,227	<u>\$ 221,851</u>	\$ 362,586	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,26 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 4,287</u>

Probation Office Juvenile	Probation Office Adult	Totals
\$ 366,986	\$ 772,227	\$ 3,009,963
366,986	772,227	3,009,963
		<u>269,189</u> <u>269,189</u>
<u>366,986</u> \$ 366,986	772,227 \$ 772,227	2,740,774 \$ 2,740,774

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	State <u>Fees</u>	Child Safety	District Clerk Excess <u>Proceeds</u>	District Clerk Bond	
Increases					
Contributions from judgements Interest	\$ 69,861 -	\$ 1,399 -	\$ - -	\$ - -	
Deposits held	-	-	228,245	-	
Bonds received	<del></del>			2,350	
Total increases	69,861	1,399	228,245	2,350	
Decreases					
Bonds refunded	-	-	-	2,000	
Commissary purchases Deposits refunded	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	293,560	-	
Disbursements to beneficiaries	69,861	1,399			
Total decreases	69,861	1,399	293,560	2,000	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			(65,315)	<u>350</u>	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	<u>-</u>		475,828	73,778	
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 410,513	\$ 74,128	

Probation Office <u>Juvenile</u>	Probation Office Adult	
<u>\$ 366,986</u>	<u>\$ 772,227</u>	\$ 3,009,963
366,986	772,227	3,009,963
		<u>269,189</u> <u>269,189</u>
<u>366,986</u>	772,227	2,740,774
\$ 366,986	\$ 772,227	<u>\$ 2,740,774</u>

District Clerk Registry Account	County Clerk Bond Account	County Clerk Registry Account	Tax Assessor/ Collector General	Tax Assessor/ Collector TXDOT	Assessor/ Collector Boat and Motor	Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax
\$ 36,946 121 - 	\$ - - - <u>577,357</u>	\$ - 368 - -	\$ - 364 31,614,539	\$ - 395 5,127,731	\$ - 10 78,465	\$ - 5 - -
37,067	577,357	368	31,614,903	5,128,126	<u>78,475</u>	5
184,904	385,080 - - - - - 385,080	- - - - 8,543 8,543	31,590,896	- - - 5,285,872 - 5,285,872	77,539	
(147,837)	192,277	(8,175)	24,007	(157,746)	936	5
195,064	29,574	370,761	74,011	444,496	8,329	4,282
<u>\$ 47,227</u>	\$ 221,851	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,265	\$ 4,287

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Assessor/ Collector Special Inventory		Assessor/ Collector Credit Card Merchant		Sheriff Cash Bond		Jail Inmate <u>Welfare</u>	
Increases								
Contributions from judgements Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
		37		-		37		208
Deposits held		54,719		-		76,228		244,582
Bonds received	_		-			<u>-</u>		
Total increases		<u>54,756</u>				76,265	_	244,790
Decreases								
Bonds refunded		-		-		61,872		-
Commissary purchases		-		-		-		244,790
Deposits refunded		-		-		-		-
Disbursements to beneficiaries		62,062				<u>-</u>		
Total decreases		62,062				61,872		244,790
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)								
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		<u>(7,306</u> )				14,393		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		50,534		310		29,005		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	43,228	\$	310	\$	43,398	<u>\$</u>	

District Clerk Registry Account	County Clerk Bond Account	County Clerk Registry Account	Tax Tax Assessor/ Assessor/ Collector Collector General TXDOT		Assessor/ Collector Boat and Motor	Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax
\$ 36,946 121 - 	\$ - - - 577,357	\$ - 368 - -	\$ - 364 31,614,539	\$ - 395 5,127,731 	\$ - 10 78,465 —-	\$ - 5 - -
<u>37,067</u>	<u>577,357</u>	368	31,614,903	5,128,126	<u>78,475</u>	5
- - - 184,904	385,080 - - - -	- - - 8,543	31,590,896	- - - 5,285,872	- - - - 77,539	
<u>184,904</u>	<u>385,080</u>	<u>8,543</u>	31,590,896	5,285,872	77,539	
<u>(147,837)</u> <u>195,064</u>	192,277 29,574	(8,175) 370,761	<u> 24,007</u> <u> 74,011</u>	(157,746) 444,496	<u>936</u> <u>8,329</u>	4,282
\$ 47,227	<u>\$ 221,851</u>	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	<u>\$ 286,750</u>	<u>\$ 9,265</u>	<u>\$ 4,287</u>

	Probation Office Juvenile		Probation Office Adult	Totals	
\$ _	22,600 438,975 	<b>\$</b>	14,042 953,444 	\$ 	108,206 38,187 38,816,928 579,707
_	461,575	_	967,48 <u>6</u>		39,543,028 448,952
	-				244,790 293,560
_	410,200		843,185 843,185	_	38,534,461 39,521,763
	51,375	_	124,301	_	21,265
_	315,611		647,926	_	2,719,509
\$	366,986	\$	772,227	\$	2,740,774

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	Probation Office Juvenile		Probation Office Adult	Totals	
\$ _	- 22,600 438,975 -	\$	- 14,042 953,444 -	<b>\$</b>	108,206 38,187 38,816,928 579,707
_	461,575	-	967,486		39,543,028
	410,200		- - 843,185		448,952 244,790 293,560 38,534,461
	410,200		843,185		39,521,763
	51,375 315,611		124,301 647,926	_	21,265 2,719,509
\$	366,986	\$	772,227	\$	2,740,774

**SINGLE AUDIT SECTION** 

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40] West State Highway 6 West, Exast A6710

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Upshur County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025.

## Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

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## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Upshur County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

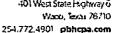
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.









# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE OF TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Upshur County, Texas

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Programs

## Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We have audited Upshur County, Texas (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards ("TxGMS") that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and TxGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE OF TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Upshur County, Texas

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Programs

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We have audited Upshur County, Texas (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* and the *State of Texas Grant Management Standards* ("*TxGMS*") that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and TxGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

# YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grantor's Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures	Pass-Through Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:  Texas Community Development Block Grant - Union Grove  Water Supply  Total Passed through Texas Department of  Agriculture	14.228	7220471	\$ 2,000 2,000	<u>\$ -</u>
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			2,000	
U. S. Department of Justice  Passed through Office of the Governor:  Victim Services Project  Family Violence Intervention Program  Family Violence Intervention Program  Total Passed through Office of the Governor	16.575 16.588 16.588	2912105 2052816 2052817	71,853 37,712 6,489 116,054	-
Direct Programs: Equitable Sharing Total Direct Programs Total U. S. Department of Justice	16.922	TX2300000	110,262 110,262 226,316	<u>-</u>
U. S. Department of Treasury  Direct Programs:  Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery - COVID-19  Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund - COVID-19  Total Direct Programs	21.027 21.032	N/A N/A	2,623,850 50,456 2,674,306	- - -
Total U. S. Department of Treasury			2,674,306	
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 2,902,622</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.
Waco, Texas
June 24, 2025

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

# YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Grantor's		
State Grantor/	Pass-through		Pass-Through
Program Title	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures
STATE AWARDS			
Texas Historical Commission			
Direct Program:			
Round XII Texas Historical Courthouse Renovation	2010-143-A	<u>\$ 1,368,262</u>	<u> </u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		1,368,262	
Texas Indigent Defense Commission			
Direct Program:			
Indigent Defense Formula Grant	N/A	<u> 36,115</u>	<u> </u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		<u>36,115</u>	
Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts			
Direct Program:			
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Sheriff's Office	IA-0000000123	350,000	\$ -
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Constables Office	IA-0000000126	12,126	-
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-District Attorney's Office	IA-0000000245	<u>71,235</u>	
Total Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts		433,361	
Office of the Secretary of State			
Direct Program:			
Chapter 19 Voter Funds	N/A	21,867	\$ -
Total Office of the Secretary of State	•	21,867	
Total Expenditures of State Awards		<u>\$ 1,859,605</u>	<del>\$</del> _
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards		\$ 4,762,227	<u>\$ -</u>

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2024** 

### 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal and state awards programs of Upshur County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 2 (c) of the basic financial statements. Federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

# 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

#### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The County did not elect to apply the de minimus indirect cost rate.

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

# YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Grantor's		
State Grantor/	Pass-through		Pass-Through
Program Title	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures
STATE AWARDS			
Texas Historical Commission			
Direct Program:			
Round XII Texas Historical Courthouse Renovation	2010-143-A	<u>\$ 1,368,262</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		1,368,262	
Texas Indigent Defense Commission			
Direct Program:			
Indigent Defense Formula Grant	N/A	36,115	<u> </u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		<u> 36,115</u>	<del>-</del>
Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts			
Direct Program:			
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Sheriff's Office	IA-0000000123	350,000	\$ -
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Constables Office	IA-0000000126	12,126	-
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-District Attorney's Office	IA-0000000245	71,235	<del></del>
Total Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts		433,361	
Office of the Secretary of State			
Direct Program:			
Chapter 19 Voter Funds	N/A	21,867	<u> </u>
Total Office of the Secretary of State		21,867	
Total Expenditures of State Awards		<u>\$ 1,859,605</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards		\$ 4,762,2 <u>27</u>	<u> </u>

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

# **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted? None

Federal and State Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or State of Texas

Grant Management Standards? None

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number: Name of major program or cluster:

21,027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal

Recovery - COVID-19

State Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation

Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B federal programs \$750,000

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B state programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted? None

Federal and State Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or State of Texas

Grant Management Standards? None

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number: Name of major program or cluster:

21,027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal

Recovery - COVID-19

State Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation

Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B federal programs \$750,000

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B state programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

# **Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards**

None





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Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Upshur County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur, County, Texas (the "County") for the year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

### Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated June 24, 2024, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or the management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the County solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

## Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

#### Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, and, as appropriate, our firm have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

As a part of the engagement, we assisted in preparing the financial statements and related notes and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes of the County in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and the Uniform Guidance based on information provided by management. These non-audit services do not constitute an audit under *Government Auditing Standards* and such services were not conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

In order to reduce threats to our independence caused by these nonattest services to an acceptable level, we applied certain safeguards. These safeguards include a concurring review, which is a review of the financial statements and key audit areas which is performed by an individual who has adequate experience in audits of local governments, but who was not involved in this audit engagement. The concurring reviewer serves as an evaluator of the performance of the engagement team and the nonattest services provided.



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In addition, management assumed responsibility for the financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, related notes to the financial statements, and any other nonaudit services we provided. Management acknowledged in the management representation letter our assistance with the preparation of the financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and related notes to the financial statements, and that these items were reviewed and approved prior to their issuance and accepted responsibility for them. Further, the nonaudit services were overseen by an individual within management that has the suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluated the adequacy and results of the services; and accepted responsibility for them.

#### Significant Risks Considered

We have identified the following significant risks during our audit process, which required special audit consideration:

# Significant Risk Considered Reasoning for Special Audit Consideration Management override of Inherent fraud risk which is a risk for all entities in accordance

with generally accepted auditing standards.

# **Qualitative Aspects of the County's Significant Accounting Practices**

Significant Accounting Policies

internal controls

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the County is included in the notes to the financial statements. As described in the notes to the financial statements, during the year, the entity implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year has been reported in the financial statements.

No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on the expected lifespan of the asset in accordance with standard guidelines. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate of useful lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

Management's estimate of accumulated depreciation on capital assets is based on the related estimated useful lives of capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible property taxes is based on historical collections. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for uncollectible property taxes in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible court fines and fees receivable is based on historical collection experience. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for uncollectible court fines in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimates of the net pension liability (asset) and other post-employment benefit liability is based on actuarial assumptions which are determined by the demographics of the plan and future projections that the actuarial makes based on historical information of the plan and the investment market. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension liability (asset) and total OPEB liability and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

#### Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

#### Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

#### Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected financial statement misstatements whose effects in the current and prior periods, as determined by management, are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole and each applicable opinion unit.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. None of the misstatements identified by us as a result of our audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole or applicable opinion units.

## **Disagreements with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the County's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

#### Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in a letter dated June 24, 2025.

### Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

### Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the County, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the County, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the County's auditors.

#### **New Accounting Standards**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued the following guidance which become effective in subsequent fiscal years:

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures - This Statement requires governments to disclose essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending. The requirements of Statement No. 102 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements - The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability and address certain application issues. The requirements for Statement No. 103 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required for capital assets held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

#### Restriction on Use

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioners' Court and management of Upshur County, Texas and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025